

## 1. BIVARIATE DISTRIBUTIONS

1.1. **Integral Limits.** Keep in mind that the integral limits  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}$  and  $\int_a^b$  are restricted to the support of the variable, e.g., if  $f(x) = 2x$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ , then

$$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} xf(x)dx = \int_0^1 x \cdot 2xdx = \frac{2}{3}.$$

1.2. **Joint p.d.f. of  $(X, Y)$ .**

$$P(a \leq X \leq b, c \leq Y \leq d) = \int_a^b \int_c^d f(x, y)dydx.$$

1.3. **Marginal p.d.f. of  $X$ .**

$$\begin{aligned} f_1(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, y)dy \\ P(a \leq X \leq b) &= \int_a^b f_1(x)dx \\ \mu_X = E(X) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} xf_1(x)dx \\ E(X^2) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f_1(x)dx \\ \sigma_X^2 = \text{Var}(X) &= E(X^2) - E(X)^2 \end{aligned}$$

1.4. **Marginal p.d.f. of  $Y$ .**

$$\begin{aligned} f_2(y) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, y)dx \\ P(a \leq Y \leq b) &= \int_a^b f_2(y)dy \\ \mu_Y = E(Y) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} yf_2(y)dy \\ E(Y^2) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y^2 f_2(y)dy \\ \sigma_Y^2 = \text{Var}(Y) &= E(Y^2) - E(Y)^2 \end{aligned}$$

1.5. **Independence, Covariance, and Correlation.**

**Definition 1.1.**  $X$  and  $Y$  are *statistically independent* if  $f(x, y) = f_1(x)f_2(y)$ .

$$E(XY) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} xyf(x, y) dydx.$$

$$\sigma_{X,Y} = \text{Cov}(X, Y) = E(XY) - E(X)E(Y)$$

$$\rho = \text{Corr}(X, Y) = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, Y)}{\sigma_X \sigma_Y}$$

1.6. Conditional p.d.f. of  $X$ .

$$g(x|y) = \frac{f(x, y)}{f_2(y)}$$

$$P(a \leq X \leq b | Y = y) = \int_a^b g(x|y) dx$$

$$\mu_{x|y} = E(X | Y = y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} xg(x|y) dx$$

$$E(X^2 | Y = y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 g(x|y) dx$$

$$\sigma_{x|y}^2 = \text{Var}(X | Y = y) = E(X^2 | Y = y) - E(X | Y = y)^2$$

1.7. Conditional p.d.f. of  $Y$ .

$$h(y|x) = \frac{f(x, y)}{f_1(x)}$$

$$P(a \leq Y \leq b | X = x) = \int_a^b h(y|x) dy$$

$$\mu_{y|x} = E(Y | X = x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} yh(y|x) dy$$

$$E(Y^2 | X = x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y^2 h(y|x) dy$$

$$\sigma_{y|x}^2 = \text{Var}(Y | X = x) = E(Y^2 | X = x) - E(Y | X = x)^2$$